# The Nordkalotten Satellite Evaluation & Co-operation Network (NorSEN)

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## Partner institutions:

- Finnish Meteorological Institute (FMI-ARC) Co-ordinator
- Finnish Environment Institute (SYKE)
- Helsinki University of Technology (TKK)
- University of Helsinki (UH)
- Finnish Forrest Institute (METLA)
- Finnish Geodetical Institute (FGI)
- University of Turku (UT)
- Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU)
- Norwegian Institute for Nature Research (NINA)
- Norwegian Institute for Water Research (NIVA)/Akvaplan-niva (Apn)
- NORUT IT(NI)
- Bioforsk Holt, Bioforsk Svanhovd (Bioforsk)
- Andøya Rocket Range (ARR)
- Abisko Research Station (ANS)
- Centre of Image Analysis University of Uppsala (CB-UU)
- University of Umeå (UmU)

## Hurtigruten MS Trollfjord



## <u>Main Aim</u>:

To build a coordinated regional network of satellite data validation and application sites in Northern Fennoscandia, aiming at terrestrial, marine/ hydrological and atmospheric key parameters for environmental monitoring in the Arctic and sub-Arctic regions.

#### Sub-goals:

- To build a network of satellite validation stations based on already existing infrastructure, in characteristic Arctic and sub-Arctic environments, using a uniform set of validation instruments
- To establish, in northern Fennoscandia, a phenological registration network by coordinating the ongoing ground observations and establishing new observation sites where gaps are found
- To develop algorithm modules optimised for applications in the Arctic and sub-Arctic environment, and validation strategies for key parameters of marine and terrestrial ecosystems at high latitudes
- >To coordinate and share in an open web interface time-series of relevant data and present registrations in suitable forms, e.g., animations, trend maps
- To develop and implement infrastructure for efficient provision of relevant parameters and data quality information to end users in public administration and economy, e.g., international satellite agencies

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Novaplan

## Near ground and air-borne spectral imaging with instruments adapted to satellite instruments to be validated

In-situ measurements of marine, freshwater, vegetation and other terrestric (e.g., snow) parameters, pluss reference reflectance surface

Acquisition of realistic atmospheric parameters in the region, especially aerosols and vertical trace gas profiles

Phenological registrations of natural vegetation to be used as ground data for calibration of satellite data time series



Validation Tools



Aerosol optical density (AOD) measurements from Andøya (red), Sodankylä (black), compared with

high Arctic measurements (green)



Marshland at Andøya with masts as possible carriers of near-ground spectrometers

## Surface types to be investigated

- Sub-Arctic coastal marshland (Dverberg myra, Andøya)
- >Arctic-Alpine vegetation (Abisko Scientific Research Station)
- ➢Boreal forest (Lapland)
- >Sub-Arctic eutrophic and humic lakes (Lapland)
- Arctic-Alpine clear lake (Torneträsk)
- Sub-Arctic coastal waters (Along the route of the coastal steamer MS Trollfjord)
- >An airport landing strip used as a reference reflectance surface

## Some applications envisaged





Figure 1. MERIS mosaic of Northern
Europe, composed of 85 images
acquired by MERIS during the summer
of 2002, representing the arithmetic
averaged reflectance of the land
surface. The combination of the three
spectral bands of the image product,
centred at 665, 560 and 442.5 nm
respectively, generates an optical
image in which it is possible to
appreciate the differences in land
cover. This Level 3 product represents
a test of the algorithms implemented in
the BEAM software, the
MERIS/AATSR toolbox, which is
available to ESA PIs. The image
represents a mosaic of retrieved
surface reflectances, after application
of the atmospheric correction
performed by the SMAC processor, a
Simplified Method for Atmospheric
Correction (SMAC) developed by
Rahman and Dedieu (1994).

Monitoring of algae bloom in Arctic oceans (MODIS)



Photosynthetic activity based on MODIS-NDVI data

NINA

Bioforsk

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SYKE